3P1 4C-O9 Date/Time: July 23 15:15-15:30 Room A6



BET VR: a probabilistic tool for long-term volcanic risk assessment

Jacopo Selva¹, Alexander Garcia-Aristizabal², Angela Di Ruocco², Laura Sandri¹, Warner Marzocchi³, Paolo Gasparini²

¹Istituto Nazionale di Geofisica e Vulcanologia, Sezione di Bologna, Bologna, Italy, ²Center for the Analysis and Monitoring of Environmental Risk, Naples, Italy, ³Istituto Nazionale di Geofisica e Vulcanologia, Sezione di Roma 1, Roma, Italy

E-mail: jacopo.selva@bo.ingv.it

We present a new methodology that extends the concept of Bayesian Event Tree to the quantitative assessment of Volcanic Risk (BET VR). New nodes (levels) of analysis are added to the BET VH structure (Bayesian Event Tree for Volcanic Hazard), accounting for the vulnerability and exposure levels. In particular, the goal of this approach is to provide the assessment of risk curves (the exceedance probabilities for different levels of losses) accounting for the uncertainties (both aleatory and epistemic) in hazard and fragility assessments, loss evaluation and exposure.

Here, we present a preliminary application to the direct monetary risk related to tephra fall in Naples. In particular, we selected several areas of Naples for which fragility models and census databases are available. In these areas, the hazard assessment for tephra fall from Mt. Vesuvius and Campi Flegrei is considered, and coupled to vulnerability and exposure assessments. As a result, both risk curves and expected values are evaluated, propagating epistemic uncertainties from the very beginning (eruption probability) to the very end (losses due to damages) of the assessment.

The analysis described here is carried out in the framework of the project "Quantificazione del Multi-Rischio con approccio Bayesiano: un caso studio per i rischi naturali della città di Napoli", funded by the Italian Ministry of Education, Universities and Research (Ministero dell'Istruzione, dell'Università e della Ricerca), and the FP7 European project "MATRIX" (New multi-hazard and multi-risk assessment methods for Europe).